

$$\alpha \leq 1/7 \quad (1+2\alpha)$$

Improved Learning Augmented Algorithm for K -mean & K -median

~~Nguyen et al. ICLR'23~~

$\cdot \cdot \cdot$ $\bar{X}$ label error
 $\cdot \cdot \cdot$ K -mean

$$\alpha \in [0, \frac{1}{2}] \quad 1 + \frac{5\alpha - 2\alpha^2}{(1-2\alpha)(1-\alpha)} \Rightarrow \alpha = 1/7 \rightarrow 1 + 7.7\alpha$$

$|P_i| = m_i$

$\bar{X} = (p_1, \dots, p_k) \quad m_i = |P_i|$

$\exists$ optimal Partition $(p_1^*, p_2^*, \dots, p_k^*)$ Center $(c_1^*, \dots, c_k^*)$ s.t

$$\sum_{i \in [k]} \text{Cost}(p_i^*, c_i^*) = \text{OPT} \quad m_i^* = |P_i^*|$$

For each cluster i , denote $p_i^* \cap P_i = Q_i$

Note that $|Q_i| \geq (1-\alpha) \max(|P_i|, |P_i^*|) \quad \alpha < 1/2$

Denote $\bar{X} \rightarrow \bar{X} \quad X_i, P_i, X_{ij}, P_{ij}$

Lemma 1: Consider a Set $X \subset \mathbb{R}^d$ of Size n & $C \in \mathbb{R}^d$
 $\text{Cost}(X, C) = \text{Cost}(X, \bar{X}) + n \cdot \|C - \bar{X}\|^2 \quad \text{I}_{n, \text{abs}}$

$$Q_i = P_i \cap P_i^*$$

Lemma 2 $\text{Cost}(p_i^*, \bar{Q}_i) \leq \left(1 + \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}\right) \text{Cost}(p_i^*, \bar{P}_i^*)$
 $\downarrow$
 $\text{Cost}(p_i^*, c_i^*)$

Lemma 3: For any Partition $\bar{J}_1 \cup \bar{J}_2$ of a Set $J \subset \mathbb{R}^d$ of Size n ,
 if $|\bar{J}_1| \geq (1-\alpha)n$ then $\|\bar{J} - \bar{J}_1\|^2 \leq \frac{\alpha}{n(1-\alpha)} \text{Cost}(\bar{J}, \bar{J})$

Algorithm

Input:- Dataset P , Partition $P_1 \dots P_k$, α

for $i \in [k]$ do

for $j \in [d]$ do

Let ω_{ij} be the Collection of all Subset of $(1-\alpha)m_i$ Contiguous Points in P_{ij}

$$Z = \left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} \downarrow \\ \cdot \end{smallmatrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{ij} \leftarrow \arg \min_{Z \in \omega_{ij}} \text{Cost}(Z, \bar{Z}) = \arg \min_{Z \in \omega_{ij}} \sum_{z \in Z} z - \frac{1}{|Z|} \left(\sum_{z' \in Z} z' \right)^2$$

$$\text{Let } \hat{\mathcal{C}}_i = (\mathcal{I}_{ij})_{j \in [d]}$$

Return $\hat{\mathcal{C}}_1, \dots, \hat{\mathcal{C}}_k$

Lemma 4 For $\forall i \in [k], j \in [d]$, let ω_{ij}' be the Collection of all Subsets of $(1-\alpha)m_i$ Points in P_{ij} . Then

$$\text{Cost}(\mathcal{I}_{ij}, \bar{\mathcal{I}}_{ij}) = \min_{Z' \in \omega_{ij}'} \text{Cost}(Z', \bar{Z}')$$

Proof:- Suppose $\mathcal{I}_{ij}' = \arg \min_{Z' \in \omega_{ij}'} \text{Cost}(Z', \bar{Z}')$

$\mathcal{I}_{ij} \subseteq \mathcal{I}_{ij}' \in \omega_{ij}$ Done

$\mathcal{I}_{ij} \not\subseteq \mathcal{I}_{ij}' \notin \omega_{ij}$. Let a & b be the min & max Point $\mathcal{I}_{ij}'$

We know $\exists P \in P_{ij} \cap (a, b)$ s.t $P \notin \mathcal{I}_{ij}'$.

$\mathcal{I}_{ij}'$ $|\mathcal{I}_{ij}'| = 2$ then

$$\text{Cost}(\mathcal{I}_{ij}', \bar{\mathcal{I}}_{ij}') = \frac{(b-a)^2}{2} > \frac{(b-p)^2}{2}$$

$I_{ij} \mid I'_{ij} \mid \geq 3$. We know that a and b is the further point from $\overline{I'_{ij} \setminus \{a,b\}}$ in the interval $[a,b]$.

$$K_{ij} = \{I'_{ij} \setminus a\} \cup P$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cost}(K_{ij} \mid P, P) &= \text{Cost}(K_{ij} \setminus \{P, b\}, P) + |P-b|^2 \\ &= \text{Cost}(I'_{ij} \setminus \{a, b\}, P) + |P-b|^2 \\ &= \text{Cost}(I'_{ij} \setminus \{a, b\}, \overline{I'_{ij} \setminus \{a, b\}}) + |I'_{ij} \setminus \{a, b\}| \cdot |P - \overline{I'_{ij} \setminus \{a, b\}}|^2 + |P-b|^2 \\ &= \text{Cost}(I'_{ij} \setminus \{a, b\}, a) + |a-b|^2 \\ &= \text{Cost}(I'_{ij} \setminus \{a\}, a) \end{aligned}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cost}(K_{ij}, \overline{K_{ij}}) &= \frac{1}{(1-\alpha)m_i} \sum_{\partial_1, \partial_2 \in K_{ij}} |\partial_1 - \partial_2|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{(1-\alpha)m_i} \left(\sum_{\partial_1, \partial_2 \in K_{ij} \setminus a} |\partial_1 - \partial_2|^2 + \text{Cost}(K_{ij} \setminus P, P) \right) \\ &\leq \frac{1}{(1-\alpha)m_i} \left(\sum_{\partial_1, \partial_2 \in I'_{ij} \setminus a} |\partial_1 - \partial_2|^2 + \text{Cost}(I'_{ij} \setminus a, a) \right) \\ &= \text{Cost}(I'_{ij}, \overline{I'_{ij}}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Cost}(X, C) = \text{Cost}(X, \overline{X}) + n \|C - \overline{X}\|^2$$

$\downarrow$

$$C = \overline{I'_{ij}}, \quad X = P_{ij}^*, \quad \overline{X} = \overline{P_{ij}}, \quad n = m_i^*$$

$$\left| \overline{P_{ij}^*} - \overline{I'_{ij}} \right|^2 \quad \underbrace{\text{Cost}(P_{ij}, \overline{P_{ij}})}_{m_i}$$

Lemma 5 $|\bar{p}_{ij}^* - \bar{T}_{ij}|^2 \leq \left(\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha} + \frac{4\alpha}{(1-2\alpha)(1-\alpha)} \right) \underbrace{\text{Cost}(p_{ij}^*, \bar{p}_{ij}^*)}_{m_i}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cost}(p_{ij}^*, \bar{T}_{ij}) &= \text{Cost}(p_{ij}^*, \bar{p}_{ij}^*) + |m_i| |\bar{T}_{ij} - \bar{p}_{ij}^*|^2 \\ &\leq \text{Cost}(p_{ij}^*, \bar{p}_{ij}^*) \left(1 + \frac{\alpha}{(1-\alpha)} + \frac{4\alpha}{(1-2\alpha)(1-\alpha)} \right) \\ &\quad (1 + 7.7\alpha) \\ &\quad O(dm \lg m) \end{aligned}$$